SCAVENGER HUNT

take pictures with your phone using the following techniques!

CHOICE OF BACKGROUND RULE OF THIRDS The part of the overall scene that is behind A type of composition in which an image is the main subject of the photograph. Proper divided evenly into thirds, both horizontally design and use is crucial to photographic and vertically, and the subject of the image success. is placed at the intersection of those dividing lines, or along one of the lines itself. DEPTH → BALANCING PARTS The intentional capturing of foreground and/or background in a photo. In every When an image has subject areas that look picture there is a certain area of your image balanced throughout the composition. It is in front of, and behind the subject that will achieved by shifting the frame and appear in focus. juxtaposing subjects within it so objects, tones, and colors are of equal visual weight. **LEADING LINES** Elements of a scene to create a frame within your frame. For example, you might shoot A technique of composition where the through a doorway, pulled back curtains, viewer's attention is drawn to lines that lead branches, fences, tunnels, or arches to to the main subject of the image. A leading highlight your subject. line paves an easy path for the eye to follow through different elements of a photo. 🗆 SYMMETRY & PATTERN A technique used to remove unwanted areas from an image by zooming in, zooming out, A powerful tool in photography that lets you or changing your point of view automatically create harmony and a sense of aesthetically pleasing balance and proportion in a photograph based on how RULE OF ODDS you are holding the camera and how much The rule of odds states that images are of a scene you choose to show. more visually appealing when there is an odd number of subjects. For POINT OF VIEW example, if you are going to place more than one person in The position the camera is in when viewing a a photograph, don't use two, scene. Subjects can be dramatically use 3 or 5 or 7, etc. distorted simply by where you place your

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tiny little house.

camera. A blade of grass can look like a skyscraper, and a skyscraper can look like a

CAMERA PHONE TIPS & TRICKS FOR

NATURE PHOTOGRAPHY WITH LAS FOTOS PROJECT

• TAP TO FOCUS (tap on the brightest or midway point of brightness)

CLICK!

- TRY PORTRAIT MODE not just for faces!
- TAP AND HOLD TO LOCK FOCUS
- TAP & SLIDE TO ADJUST BRIGHTNESS (IPHONE)
- ZOOM IN, ZOOM OUT try to do it manually by moving closer
- · or farther away from your subject—this will make your image more clear
- FLASH ON/OFF depending on how much natural light you have
- TRY USING A GEL!

THINGS TO CONSIDER

COLOR SCHEME think about the colors in the background, do they go well with your subject? do they help your subject stand out?

CROPPING, ANGLES, AND POINT OF VIEW

LIGHTING how would your image look in direct light? or muted light?

FRAMING YOUR PHOTO

how are you framing your image? look at all 4 corners and edges

DISTANCE BETWEEN YOUR SUBJECT AND THE CAMERA

YOUR SHADOW

be mindful of your shadow! make sure it's not in the shot. OR! play with shadows of leaves or your hands by moving them closer or farther from your light source

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